



McBride

Everyday
cleaning
products,
**expertly
made**

McBride plc
FY23 Results Presentation:
19 September 2023



Agenda

1. Headlines
2. Overview
3. Financial Review
4. Outlook & Summary
5. Q&A

Our speakers today



Chris Smith
Chief Executive Officer



Mark Strickland
Chief Financial Officer





1. Headlines





FY23 headlines

Improved business performance; private label surge driving strong momentum

Delivery of significant business performance improvement

Revenue growth 31.1% (28.4% at CC)

Strategic progress in focus categories and geographies

Volumes up 5.6% in year, Q4 12.7% higher

Broad based return to volume growth, including contract wins

Adjusted operating profit £13.5m (2022: £(24.5)m loss)

Step up in customer experience; improved service, and innovation offerings, supporting strong private label pull

Liquidity headroom increased to £44.3m (2022: £30.6m)

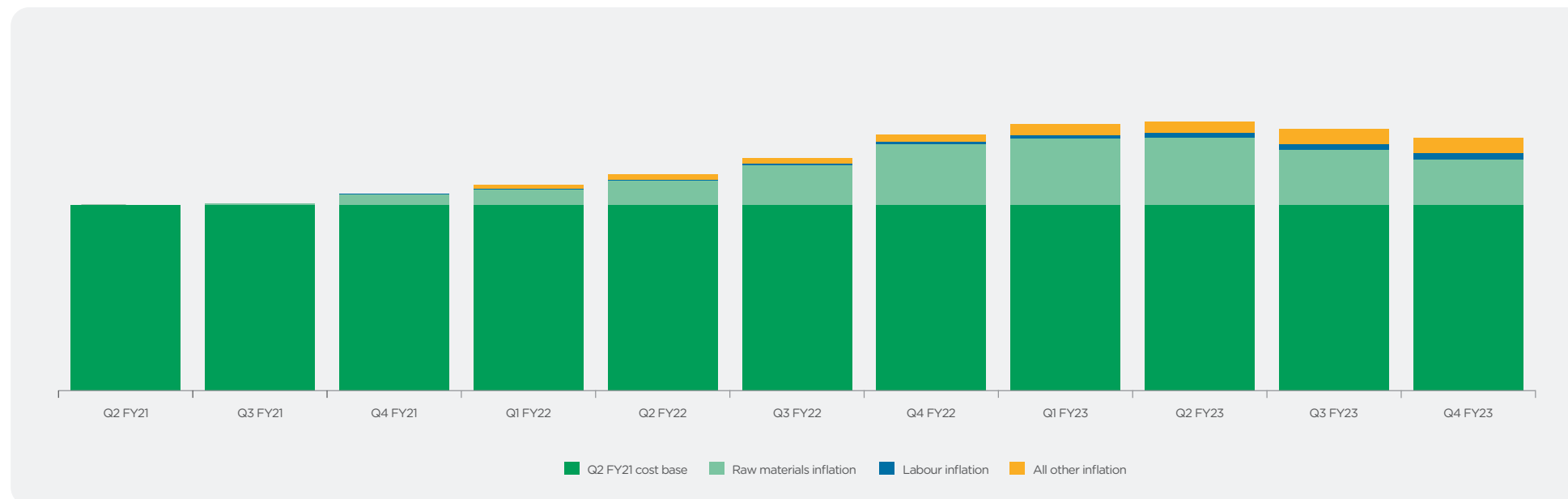
Transformation programme underway

Positive momentum into FY24



Business response to inflationary pressures

Multiple waves of margin recovery actions;
Group input costs eased slightly in second half



- Some deflation in overall cost levels, but costs are still very high versus historic levels
- Energy, transport, labour, interest costs and general inflation becoming increasingly important pricing factors
- Shift to short-term pricing arrangements with customers (maximum of three months)
- Customer requests increasing for cost mitigation through 'design to value' options
- Disciplined cost and capex management to mitigate



Transformation programme

Execution is underway; targeting £50m of cost benefits over five years

Our transformation plan consists of programmes intentionally balanced between sales and margin growth, cost reduction and cash generation

Programme management office discipline

Environmental transformation Setting out the targets to deliver our decarbonisation ambition

Sales and margin growth

Commercial excellence
Skills, tools and process investments

Operations transformation
Targeted investments to support growth and innovation

Service excellence
Overhauling our supply chain to keep our customers first

Cost reduction and cash generation

Operating model excellence
A new Enterprise Resource Platform (SAP S/4Hana)

HR digital transformation
Digital replatforming of our core HR processes

Cost excellence
Designing out waste, duplication and non-value adding activity



Environmental

- Since 2021, corporate carbon footprint reduced by 1.6%; Scope 2 emissions down 44%
- Scope 1 & 2 SBT ambition defined - 55% reduction by 2033
- SBT Scope 3 target to be set by end of 2023
- Focused investment in renewable electricity and energy efficiency

| Area of focus | 2022 actual | 2023 actual | 2025 target |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| FSC® sourced | 91.4% | 88.4% | 100% |
| 100% recyclable packaging | 98.5% | 99.0% | 100% |
| 50% PCR in our plastic packaging | 17.6% | 19.3% | 50% |
| - PET | 52.2% | 60.2% | |
| - PE | 5.1% | 8.4% | |
| Flexible multi-plastic moved to mono-material plastic | 39% | 36% | 100% |

Social

- Diversity, equity and inclusion programme
- ‘McBride Gives’ volunteering scheme
- Engagement activities supporting great place to work
- Talent management processes improved

Governance

- Board site visits
- Engagement with investors
- Review of our approach to sustainability
- Regulatory training



2. Overview

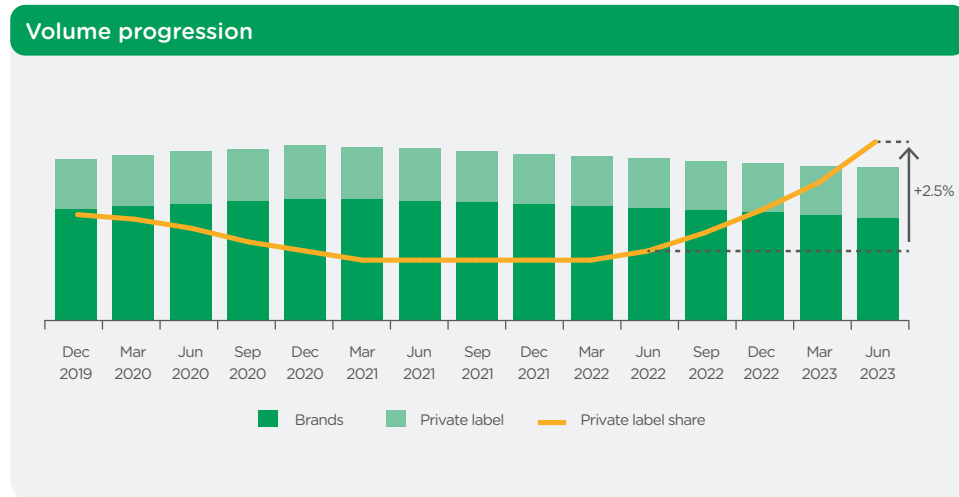




Household market overview

Private label share gain but overall market volumes lower as consumer behaviour adapts to cost-of-living challenges

| Total market: | vs 2022: | Private label volumes: | Market | McBride |
|-------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|---------|
| Household - total | (5)% | Household | 2% | 6% |
| Laundry - total | (5)% | Laundry | 2% | 6% |
| Cleaners - total | (8)% | Cleaners | 0% | 2% |
| Dishwash - total | (3)% | Dishwash | 5% | 13% |



- Volumes lower as consumers dose more frugally
- Private label share continuing to grow
- Consumer trade down, seeking value through channel choice, format changes, shift to private label
- Some major retailers prioritising private label

Source: Europanel (Kantar & GfK) panel data



Divisions - Liquids

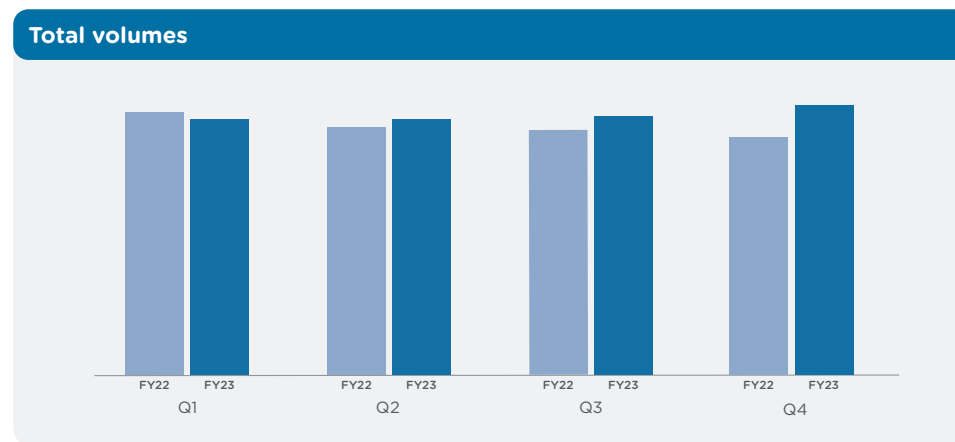
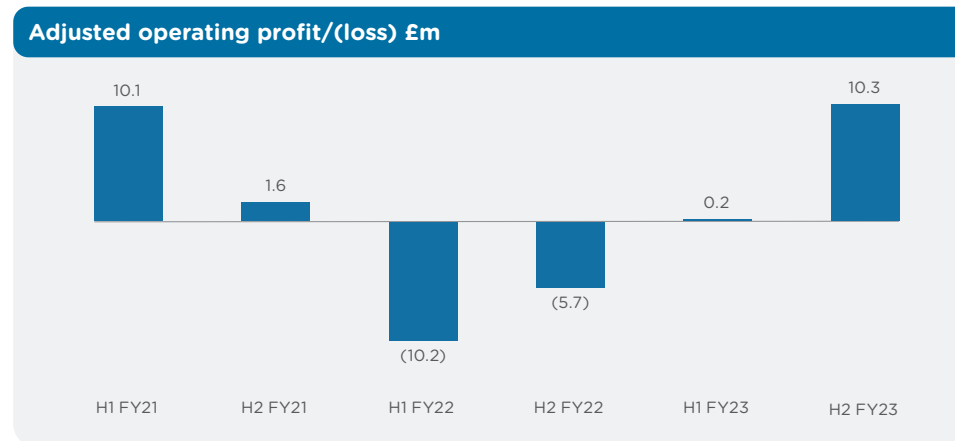
56.0% of Group sales

Liquids generates c.£500m revenue p.a. in a total European market, including branded, of £9.1bn RSV

Cost leadership



Cash generation



Return to profit through inflation recovery, tight cost control and private label growth

- Private label volume growth - all regions, all categories
- Consumer 'down-trading' - simpler, better value products
- Margin focus tracking cost changes
- Customer service levels improvement
- Private label contract wins
- Cost leadership focus - Lean conversion programme
- Portfolio innovation - focus on product sustainability





Divisions – Unit Dosing

26.3% of Group sales

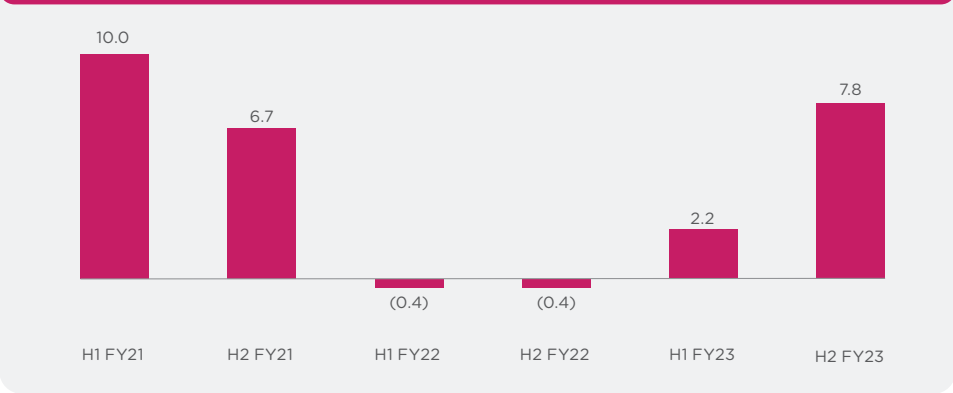
Unit Dosing generates c.£230m revenue p.a. in a total European market, including branded, of £2.7bn RSV

Product leadership



Strategic growth

Adjusted operating profit/(loss) £m



Private label volumes



Strength in private label through improved product offer and new business wins

- Revenue up 36.6% – volumes and pricing
- Volumes up 7.2% driven by higher private label demand across all product lines
- Weak contract manufacturing volumes
- New sustainable cardboard packaging for capsules now in multiple retailers
- Progress with optimising balance between asset flexibility and cost efficiency
- Investments made to drive continued growth





Divisions – Powders

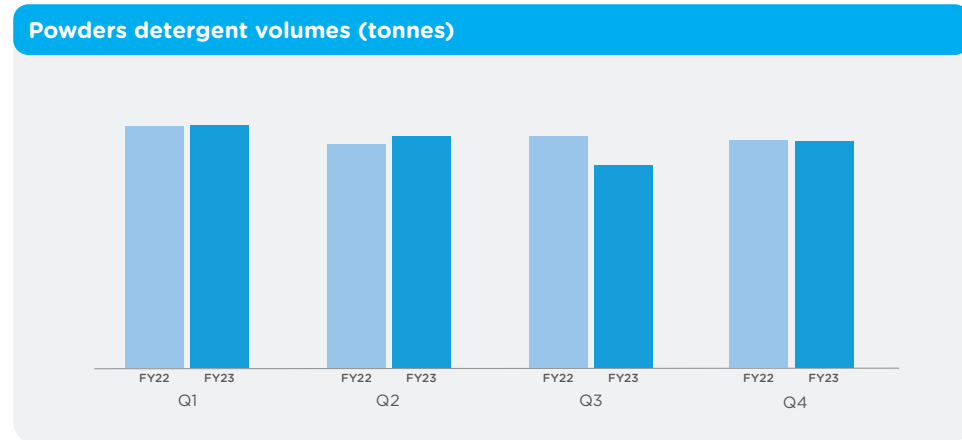
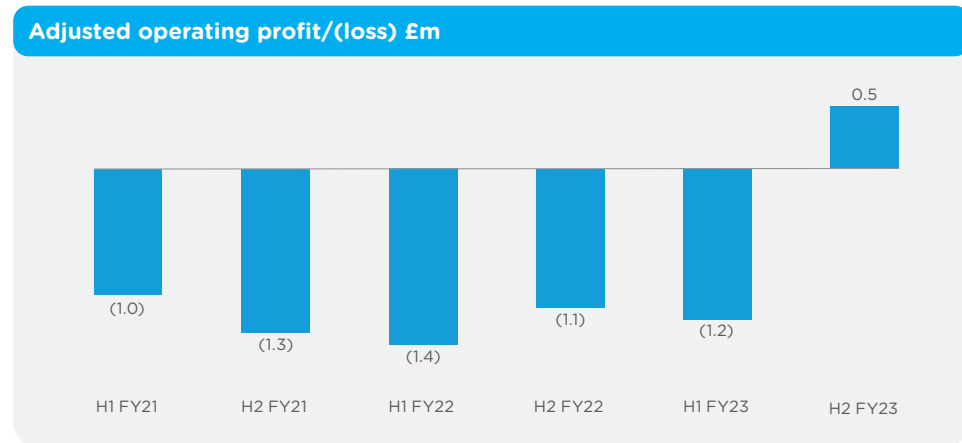
9.7% of Group sales

Powders generates c.£90m revenue p.a. in a total European market, including branded, of £1.4bn RSV

Cost leadership



Cash generation



Cost leadership and technical step up securing wins

- Private label volumes stable in markets that are declining overall
- Pricing actions late in H1 into H2 offsetting huge raw material inflation specific to Powders
- Recent private label wins will drive revenue growth in FY24
- Professional recovering post Covid-19
- Excellent progress on product development, reputation as leading powder expert growing
- Good progress with cost leadership strategy
- Strong service and quality performance



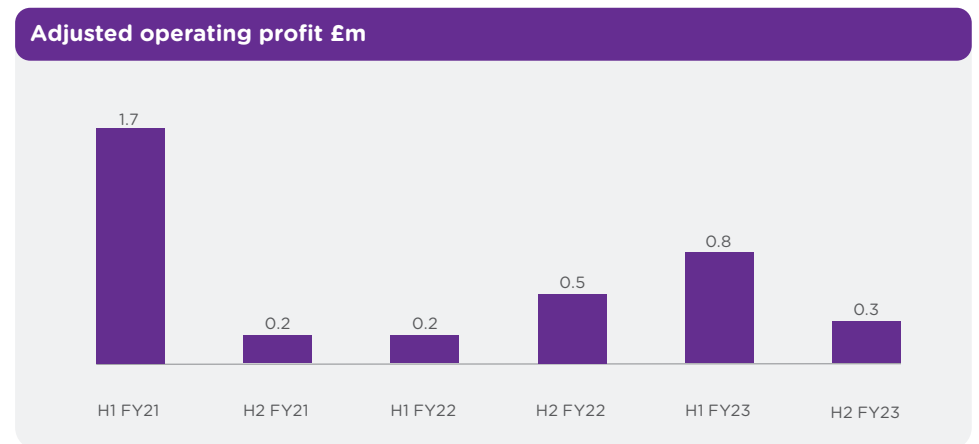
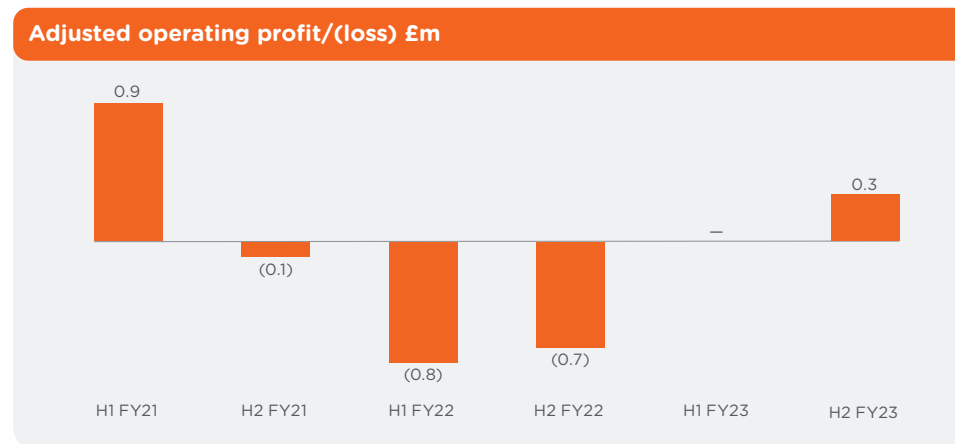
Divisions – Aerosols & Asia Pacific

5.2% | 2.8% of Group sales

Aerosols generates c.£45m revenue p.a. with its current focus on the French market and niche products



Asia Pacific generates c.£25m revenue p.a. and is a high opportunity region for personal care and household



Growing reputation as a specialist supplier

- Volumes up from private label growth and new business wins
- Supply chain agility and strong cost controls underpinning excellent customer partnerships
- ‘Made in France’ tag supporting new contract manufacturing volumes
- Business development outside France is progressing

Performance recovering following significant Covid-19 impacts

- Business resetting under new leadership
- Contract manufacturing opportunities with both local and global players
- Australia and other export growth opportunities improving
- Regional logistics costs returning to more favourable levels

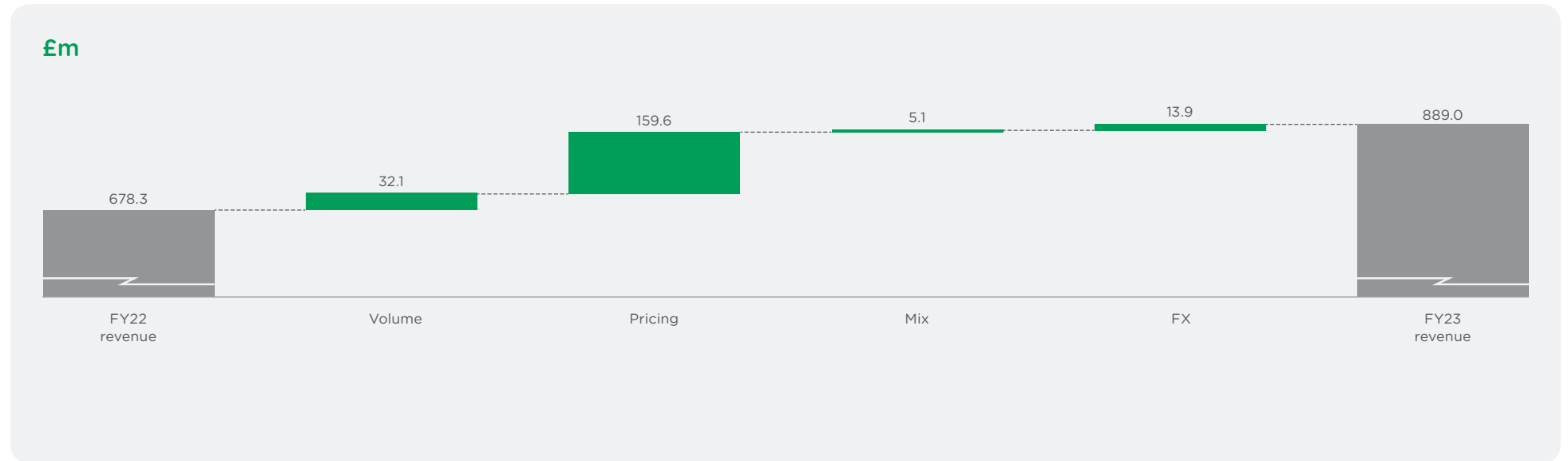


3. Financial Review





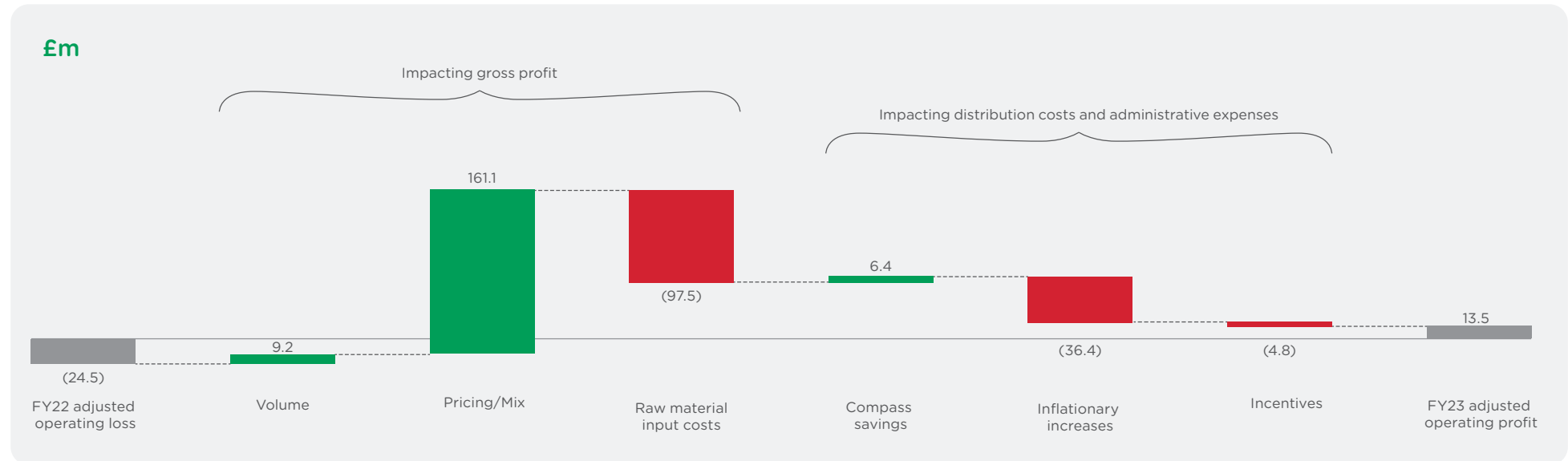
Group revenue bridge



- Revenue increased by 31.1% vs 2022
- Volume growth contributed £32.1m
 - private label volumes up 7.0%
 - contract manufacturing volumes down 7.0%
 - fourth quarter volumes up 12.7% with good momentum into FY24
- Pricing actions:
 - £159.6m in-year benefit
 - collaboration with customers continues



Group adjusted operating profit bridge



- Key drivers of the £38.0m improvement in adjusted operating profit:

- + pricing: multiple pricing waves implemented
- + volume increase driven by private label demand
- + Compass savings helped offset inflationary pressures

- Partially offset by:

- inflationary pressures switching from raw materials to labour, distribution, energy and general supplies
- incentives: rewarding significant business turnaround



Compass cost savings

- Annualised savings of £20m achieved
- FY23 realised cost savings £17.9m (FY22: £11.6m):

£12.8m
operations

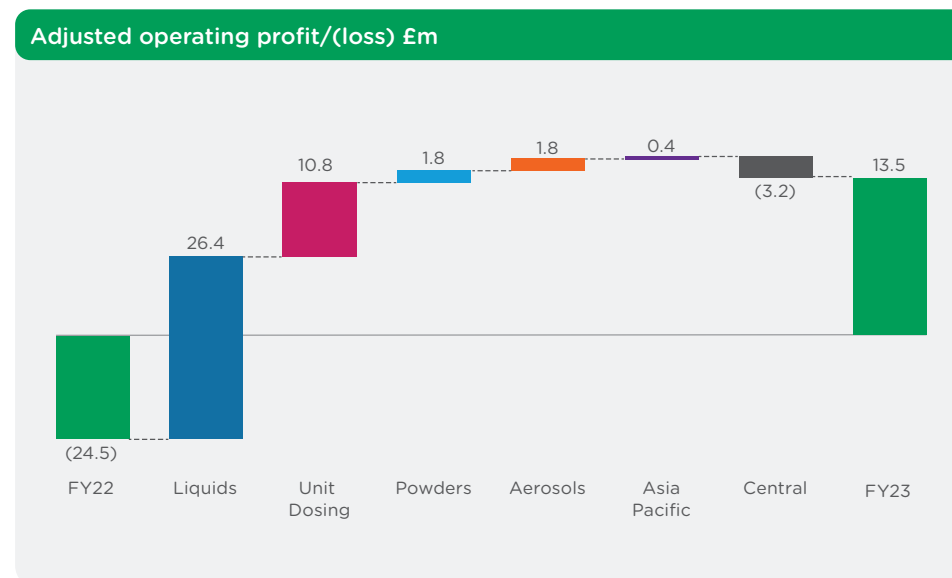
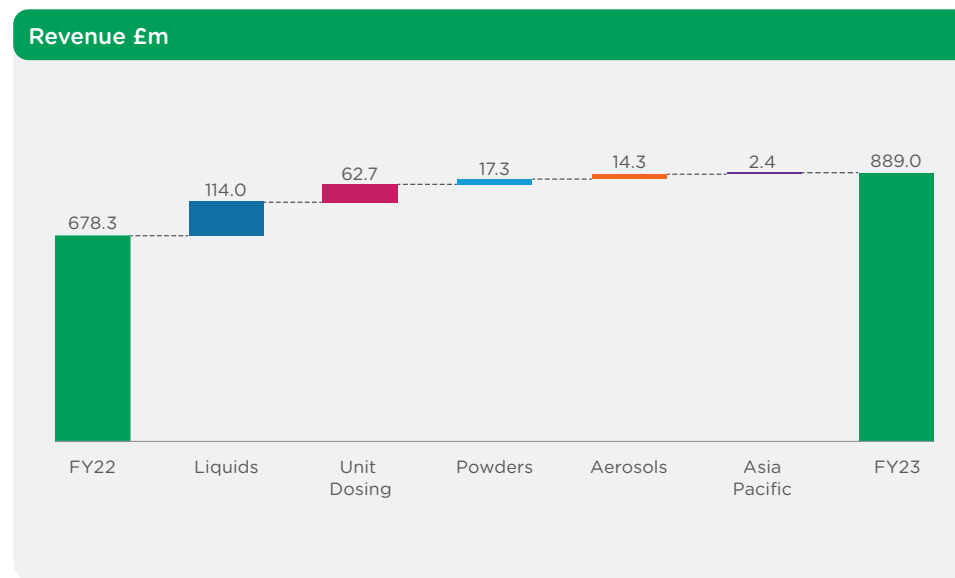
£4.3m
divisional overheads

£0.8m
distribution





Divisional performance bridges



- Group revenue up 31.1%:

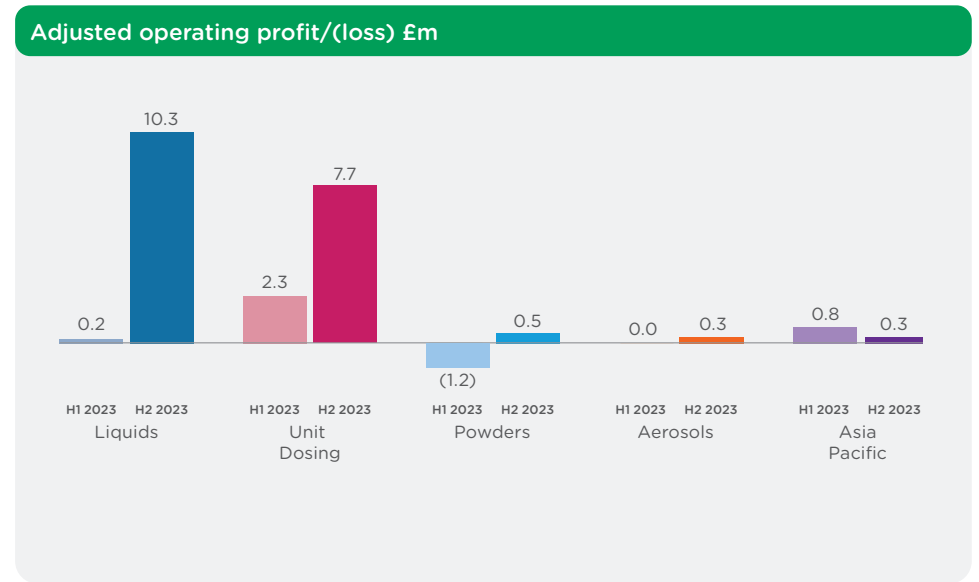
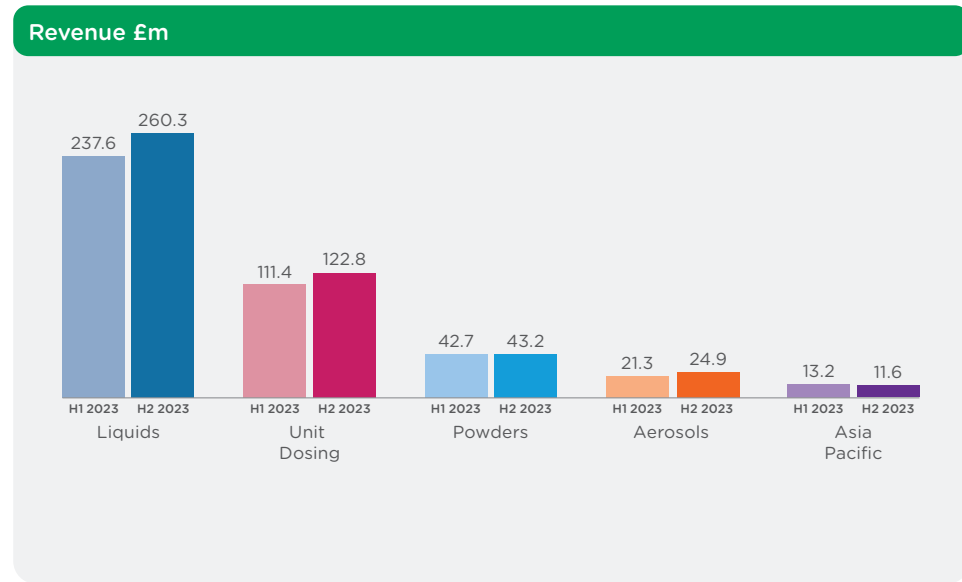
- Liquids +29.7%: pricing and private label volume growth
- Unit Dosing +36.6%: pricing and innovation driven volume growth, weaker CoMan
- Powders +25.2%: pricing and private label volume growth, weaker CoMan
- Aerosols +44.8%: pricing and private label volume growth
- Asia Pacific +10.7%: volume recovery vs Covid-19 impacted prior year

- Group adjusted operating profit improved by £38.0m:

- all divisions' profitability improving
- price increases and strict cost controls helped mitigate the impact of input cost inflation
- Central includes provision for higher incentives



Divisional performance



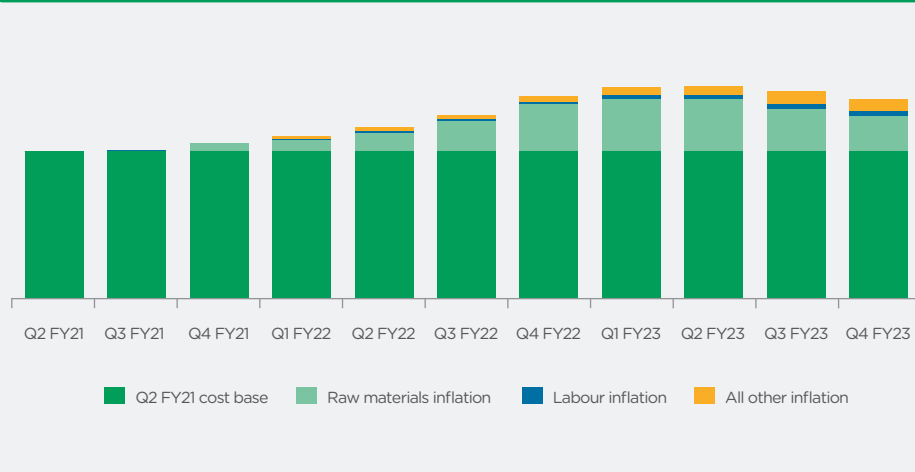
- All divisions significantly grew revenue, with second half especially strong in Europe
- Revenue growth driven by both pricing actions and volume growth

- All divisions profitable in H2 FY23
- Asia Pacific second half impacted by FX and supply contract transitions
- Fourth quarter performance was particularly strong, with good momentum into FY24



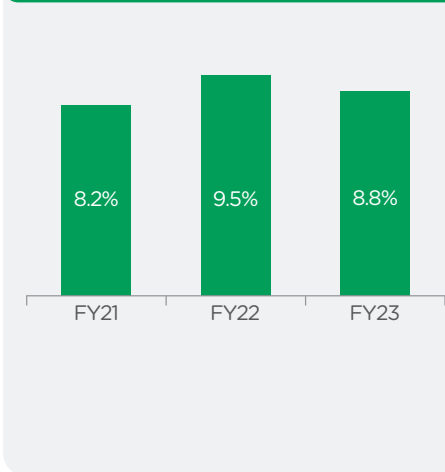
Costs

Group input costs eased slightly in second half



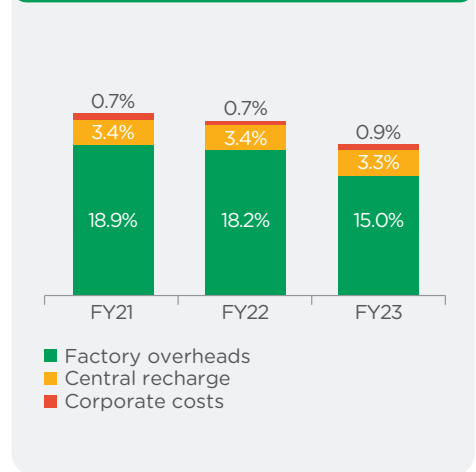
- Inflation remained a major challenge throughout the year
- High energy and labour costs becoming increasingly significant drivers of input cost inflation
- Variability by division, e.g. Powders experienced higher inflationary impacts due to global tightness in supply of salts

Distribution costs as % of sales



- Cost as % of sales reduced despite £13.6m increase in distribution costs driven by high inflationary pressures
- Warehouse network strategy continues to reduce costs

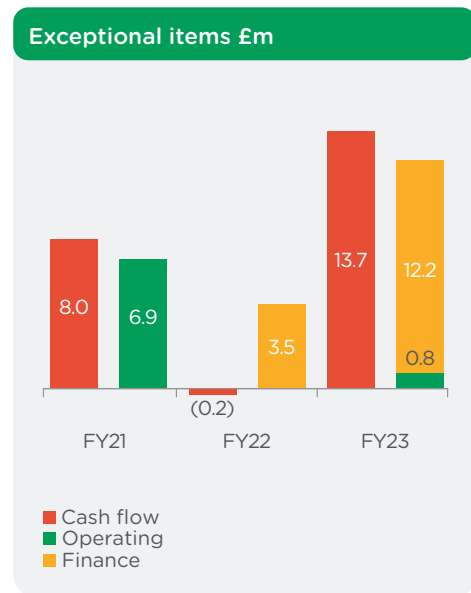
Administrative (overhead) costs as % of sales



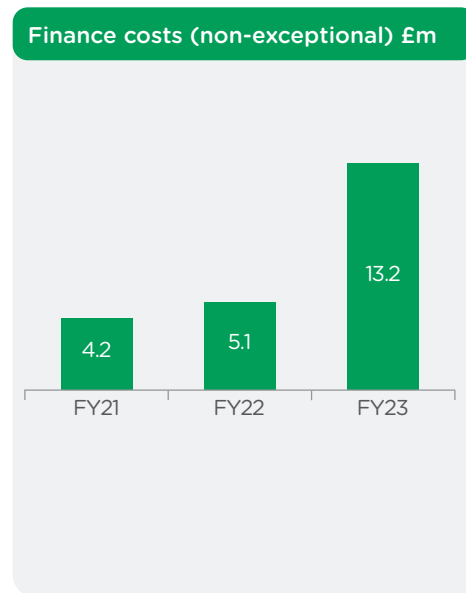
- Total administrative costs increased by £19.6m representing 19.2% of net sales (FY22: 22.3%)
- Key drivers of cost increases include inflationary pressures and higher incentive provisions, partially offset by savings driven by the Compass cost reduction programme



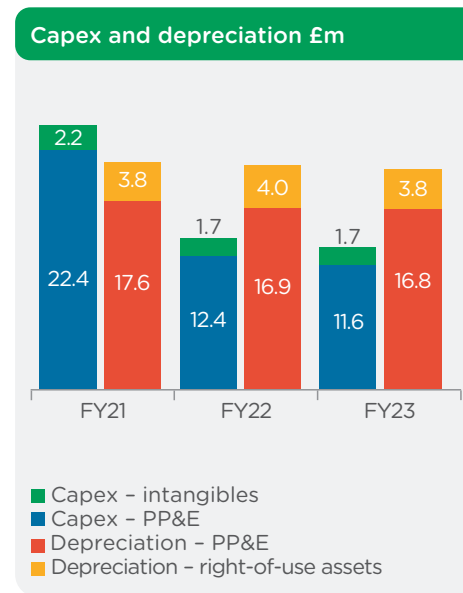
Other financials



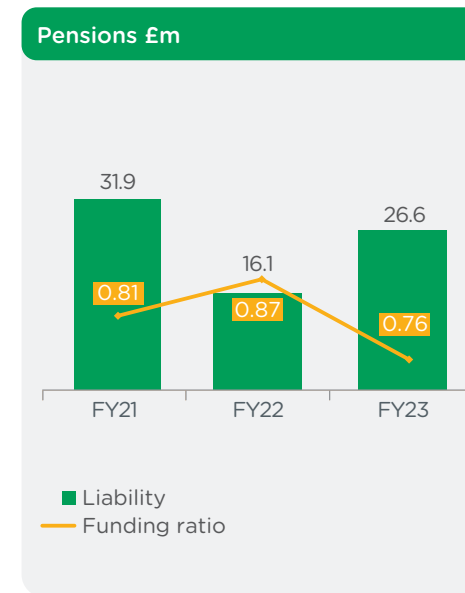
- Exceptional costs relate to costs of Group financing (£12.2m and re-evaluation of provision for environmental remediation (£0.8m)



- Adjusted finance costs were £8.1m higher, driven by revised RCF terms and increases to market interest rates



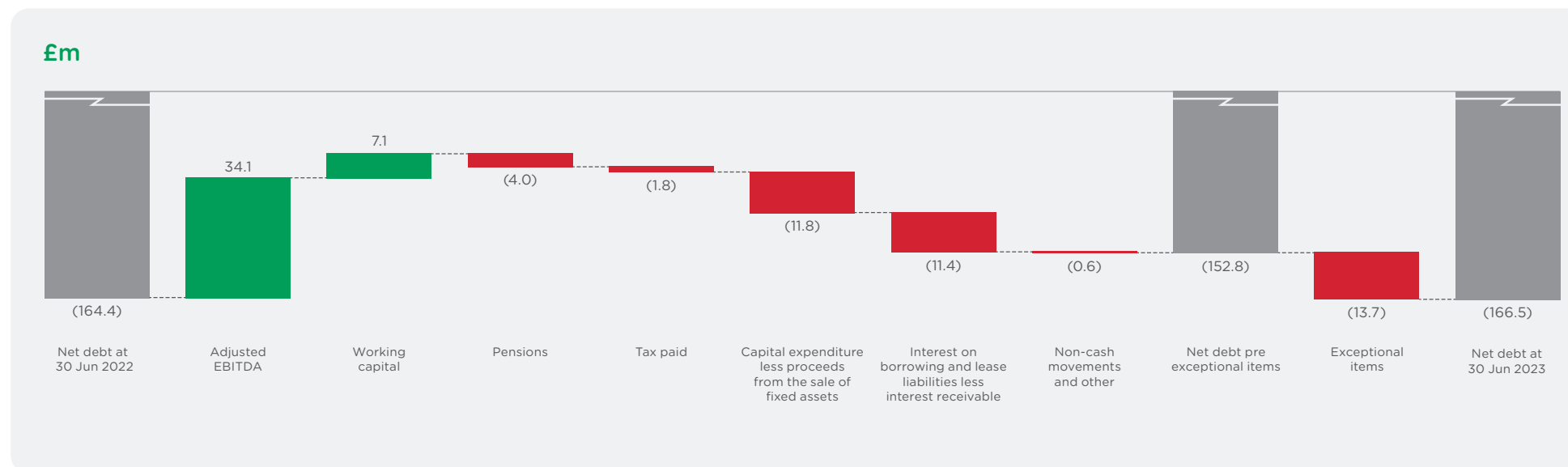
- Capex continues to be strictly controlled
- Prioritisation ensures that divisions' growth objectives are still enabled



- Increase in deficit driven by high inflation impacting pension liabilities by more than had been assumed within the long-term inflation assumptions
- £4m deficit reduction contributions paid, as in previous years



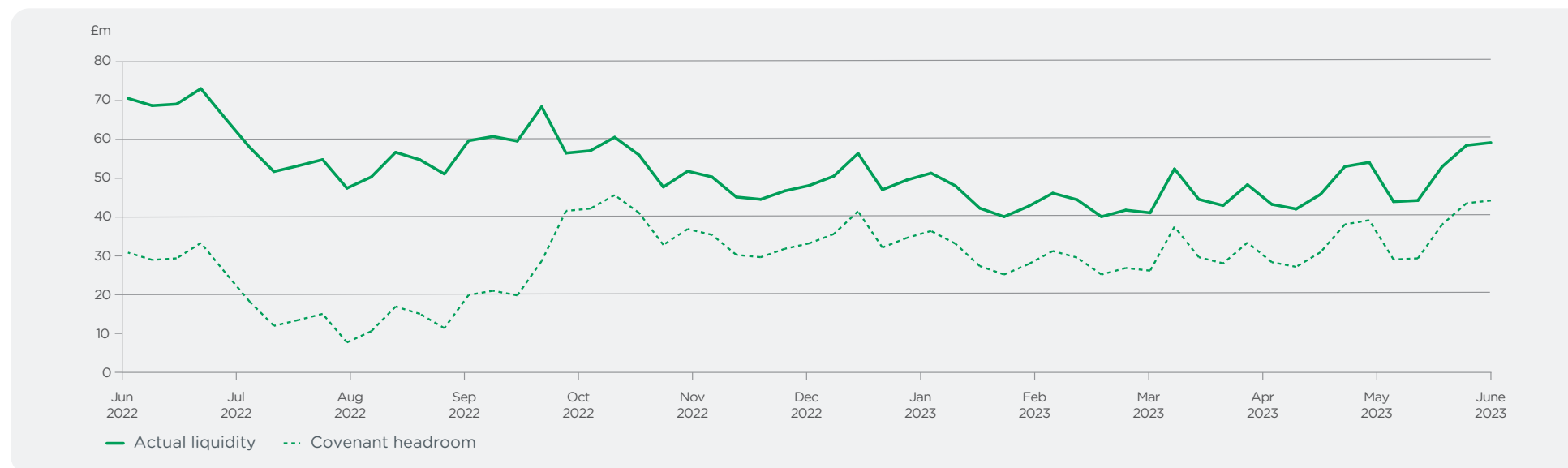
Cash flow and net debt bridge



- Net debt: £2.9m lower than H1 FY23, £2.1m higher than FY22
- Excluding exceptional items, net debt would have decreased by £11.6m
- Adjusted EBITDA returned to positive
- Working capital focus driving favourable cash flow
- Capital expenditure continues to be strictly prioritised
- Interest payments rose significantly due to revised financing terms and increases to market interest rates
- Non-cash movements include £1.5m of lease obligation additions and interest
- Exceptional items reflects costs associated with Group financing



Liquidity



- Minimum liquidity covenant reduced from £40m to £15m on 29 September 2022
- Liquidity increased in second half driven by improved business performance
- Target further liquidity improvements from Italian invoice discounting facility and improved supplier payment terms (following increases to supplier credit insurance)
- 30 June 2023 available liquidity £59.3m (£44.3m headroom vs minimum liquidity covenant)
- Underlying cash flow and headroom improving
- No material uncertainty to going concern



4. Outlook & Summary





Outlook

Momentum building driven by increasing demand for high quality private label products

Early trading in FY24 encouraging

Customer proposition continues to strengthen

Margin management vigilance

Strong private label demand

Transformation journey gathering pace

Liquidity continues to improve and net debt fall





Summary

Business turnaround complete

Return to volume growth; strategy delivery

Encouraging momentum into FY24

Well positioned to deliver growth in earnings





5. Q&A





Appendices

1. [Income statement](#)
2. [Segmental reporting](#)
3. [Exceptional items](#)
4. [Balance sheet](#)
5. [Cash flow](#)
6. [Funding headroom](#)





Appendix 1: Income statement

| | 2023 | 2022 | y/y | Constant currency | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | 2022 | y/y |
| Continuing operations | £m | £m | | £m | |
| Revenue | 889.0 | 678.3 | 210.7 | 692.2 | 196.8 |
| Gross profit | 263.6 | 190.8 | 72.8 | 195.3 | 68.3 |
| Gross margin | 29.7% | 28.1% | 1.6ppt | 28.2% | 1.5ppt |
| Distribution costs | (77.9) | (64.3) | (13.6) | (65.6) | (12.3) |
| Administrative expenses | (172.2) | (151.0) | (21.2) | (154.6) | (17.6) |
| Adjusted EBITA | 13.5 | (24.5) | 38.0 | (24.9) | 38.4 |
| Net finance costs | | | | | |
| - Borrowings | (12.7) | (4.6) | (8.1) | (4.6) | (8.1) |
| - Pension | (0.5) | (0.5) | — | (0.5) | — |
| Adjusted profit/(loss) before taxation | 0.3 | (29.6) | 29.9 | (30.0) | 30.3 |
| Taxation | (0.3) | 9.3 | (9.6) | 9.3 | (9.6) |
| Adjusted loss for the year | — | (20.3) | 20.3 | (20.7) | 20.7 |
| Adjusted diluted loss per share (pence) | — | (11.7) | 11.7 | | |
| Amortisation | 2.4 | 2.6 | (0.2) | | |
| Exceptional items | 13.0 | 3.5 | 9.5 | | |
| Taxation - effective rate | 100% | 31.4% | n.a. | | |



Appendix 2: Segmental reporting

| | 2023 £m | 2022 £m | y/y | Constant currency | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | | | 2022 £m | y/y |
| Revenue | | | | | |
| Liquids | 497.9 | 383.9 | 114.0 | 391.2 | 106.7 |
| Unit Dosing | 234.2 | 171.5 | 62.7 | 175.0 | 59.2 |
| Powders | 85.9 | 68.6 | 17.3 | 70.0 | 15.9 |
| Aerosols | 46.2 | 31.9 | 14.3 | 32.8 | 13.4 |
| Asia Pacific | 24.8 | 22.4 | 2.4 | 23.2 | 1.6 |
| Group | 889.0 | 678.3 | 210.7 | 692.2 | 196.8 |

| | 2023 £m | 2022 £m | y/y | Constant currency | |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | | | | 2022 £m | y/y |
| Adjusted operating profit/(loss) | | | | | |
| Liquids | 10.5 | (15.9) | 26.4 | (16.3) | 26.8 |
| Unit Dosing | 10.0 | (0.8) | 10.8 | (0.9) | 10.9 |
| Powders | (0.7) | (2.5) | 1.8 | (2.1) | 1.4 |
| Aerosols | 0.3 | (1.5) | 1.8 | (1.6) | 1.9 |
| Asia Pacific | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Corporate | (7.7) | (4.5) | (3.2) | (4.7) | (3.0) |
| Group | 13.5 | (24.5) | 38.0 | (24.9) | 38.4 |



Appendix 3: Exceptional items

| | 2023 £m | 2022 £m |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Environmental remediation | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| Reorganisation and restructuring costs/(gains) | | |
| - UK Aerosols closure | — | 0.1 |
| - Factory footprint review | — | (1.4) |
| - Review of strategy, organisation and operations | — | (0.4) |
| - Logistics transformation programme | — | 0.7 |
| Total charged to continuing operating profit/(loss) | 0.8 | (0.4) |
| Finance costs - Group financing | 12.2 | 3.5 |
| Total continuing operations | 13.0 | 3.1 |
| Sale of PC Liquids business | — | 0.5 |
| Other | — | (0.1) |
| Total discontinued operations | — | 0.4 |
| Group | 13.0 | 3.5 |



Appendix 4: Balance sheet

| | 30 Jun 2023 £m | 30 Jun 2022 £m | y/y |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Goodwill and other intangible assets | 26.2 | 27.0 | (0.8) |
| Property, plant and equipment | 117.8 | 122.9 | (5.1) |
| Right-of-use assets | 8.5 | 11.3 | (2.8) |
| Other non-current assets | 46.1 | 31.6 | 14.5 |
| Working capital | 47.6 | 57.4 | (9.8) |
| Net other creditors | (5.6) | (0.8) | (4.8) |
| Provisions | (5.3) | (7.2) | 1.9 |
| Pensions | (26.6) | (16.1) | (10.5) |
| Non-current liabilities | (5.1) | (4.7) | (0.4) |
| Net debt | (166.5) | (164.4) | (2.1) |
| Net assets | 37.1 | 57.0 | (19.9) |
| Average capital employed | 209.4 | 214.0 | (4.6) |
| Adjusted ROCE | 6.4% | (11.4)% | 17.8ppt |
| Trade working capital % of sales | 9.8% | 12.8% | (3.0)ppt |



Appendix 5: Cash flow

| | 2023 £m | 2022 £m | y/y |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------|--------|
| Adjusted operating profit/(loss) | 13.5 | (24.5) | 38.0 |
| Depreciation property, plant and equipment | 16.8 | 16.9 | (0.1) |
| Depreciation right-of-use assets | 3.8 | 4.0 | (0.2) |
| Share-based payments | 0.5 | — | 0.5 |
| Additional cash funding on pension scheme | (4.0) | (4.0) | — |
| Reversal of impairment of property, plant and equipment | — | (0.1) | 0.1 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 0.3 | 0.3 | — |
| Operating cash flow before movement in working capital before exceptional items | 30.9 | (7.4) | 38.3 |
| Movement in working capital | 7.1 | (15.3) | 22.4 |
| Free cash flow | 38.0 | (22.7) | 60.7 |
| Exceptionals cash flow | (13.7) | 0.2 | (13.9) |
| Interest paid | (11.4) | (3.3) | (8.1) |
| Taxation paid | (1.8) | (0.1) | (1.7) |
| Cash generated from operating activities | 11.1 | (25.9) | 37.0 |
| Capital expenditure | (12.0) | (14.3) | 2.3 |
| Redemption of B shares | — | (0.1) | 0.1 |
| Purchase of own shares | — | (0.1) | 0.1 |
| Other items | 0.4 | 0.4 | — |
| Net cash flow | (0.5) | (40.0) | 39.5 |
| Net debt at beginning of year | (164.4) | (118.4) | (46.0) |
| Non-cash movements | (1.5) | (5.5) | 4.0 |
| Currency translation differences | (0.1) | (0.5) | 0.4 |
| Net debt at end of year | (166.5) | (164.4) | (2.1) |



Appendix 6: Funding headroom and liquidity

| | Facility £m | Drawn £m | Liquidity £m |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Committed facilities: | | | |
| - Revolving credit facility (Sep 2026) | 150.2 | (110.2) | 40.0 |
| - Invoice discounting facilities | 49.0 | (48.7) | 0.3 |
| - Overdraft facilities (May 2025) | 17.8 | (0.6) | 17.2 |
| - Leases | 9.0 | (9.0) | — |
| Total committed facilities | 226.0 | (168.5) | 57.5 |
| Uncommitted facilities | 0.2 | — | 0.2 |
| Total facilities | 226.2 | (168.5) | 57.7 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Liquidity at 30 June 2023 | | | 59.3 |